

Observation status patient Discharge Optimization in the setting of an Academic Residency Program.

Peter Ly M.D.,¹ Taisia Litvinow D.O.,¹ Elizabeth Towner PhD,¹ Salieha Zaheer M.D FAAFP²

¹Wayne State University School of Medicine, Department of Family Medicine & Public Health Sciences
Ascension Providence Rochester Hospital

Background

- Observation status is a unique service or status allowing physicians to place a patient in an acute care setting, within the hospital for a limited time (≤48 hours) to determine the need for inpatient admission. Patients receive periodic monitoring by the multidisciplinary team (MDR) while in observation.
- Teaching rounds in academic centers are a common contributor to delays in timely discharge of observation status patients.
- Delayed discharge of observation status patients is costly:



Bounding hospital personal and facilities



Higher
Copays for tests and labs



Incurring hourly fees up to 48hrs

Quality Improvement Objectives

- Decrease the frequency of unnecessary stay beyond 48 hours for observation status patients.
- Increase resident knowledge of observation status discharge process and protocols.

Plan

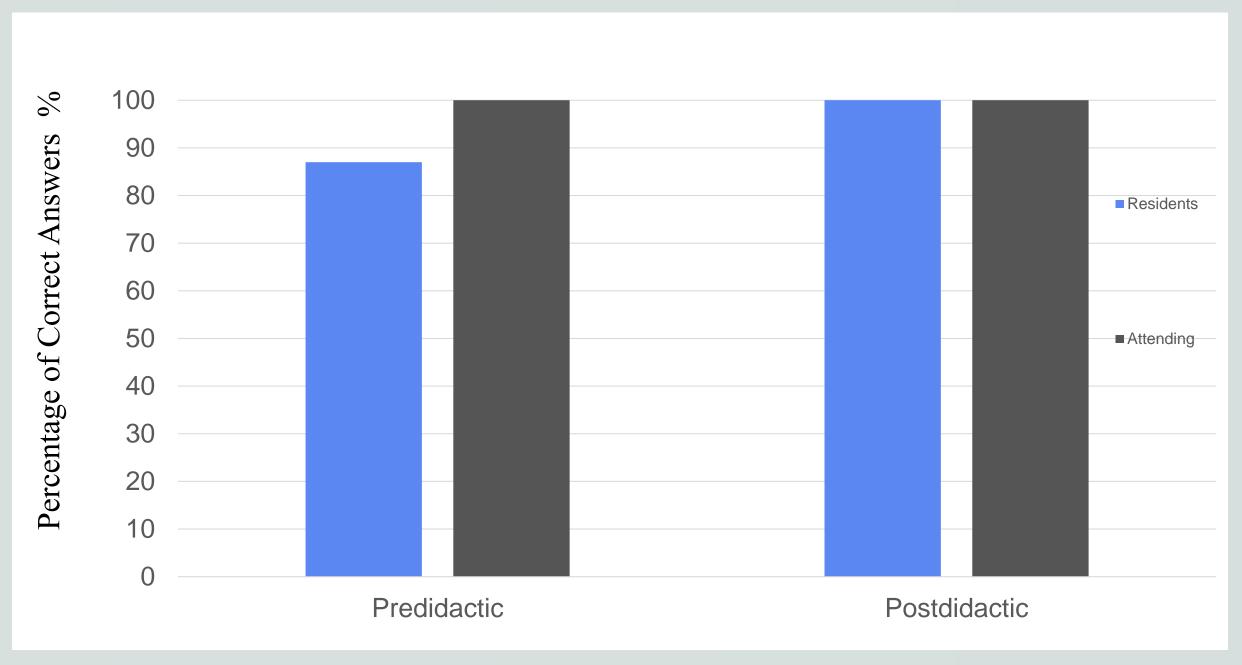
- 2-week mini elective rotation as inpatient observation team led by 2 residents.
- Review observation patients' length of stay.
- Discuss observation stay protocols with multidisciplinary (MDR) team.
- Assessment of resident and attending knowledge of observation status protocols pre/post didactic.

Do

- Team: residents, MDR rounding team, and hospital liaison physicians.
- 2-part didactic (20-30 minutes each) for residents and attendings led by 2 residents.

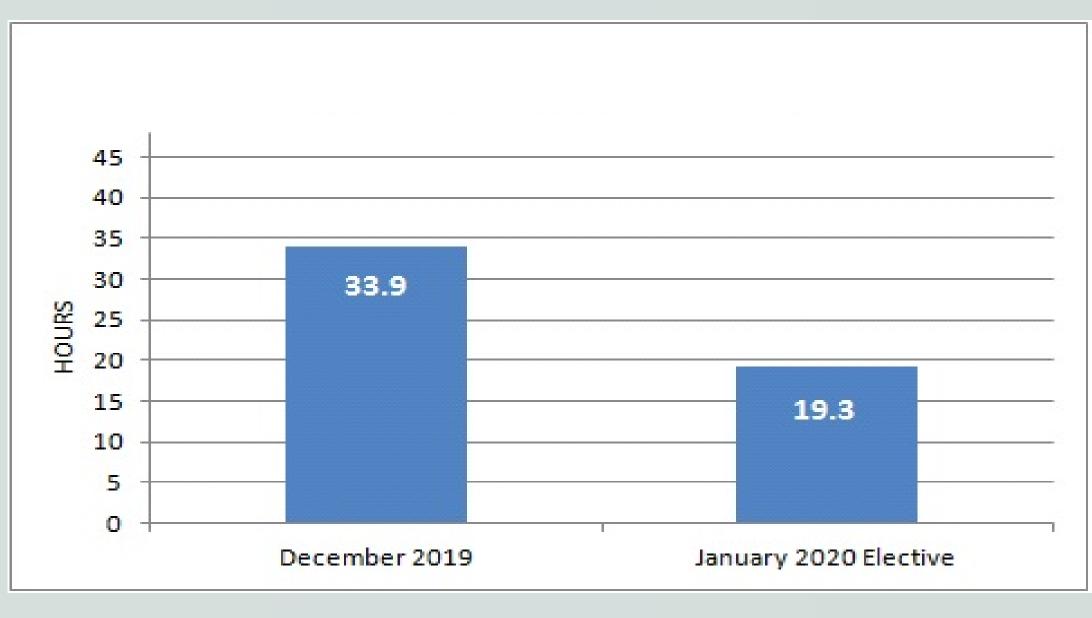
Study

Figure 1: Pre and post didactic knowledge assessment for correct responses



Study

Figure 2: Comparison of Mean Length of Observation Stay Pre-/Post Intervention



- Anecdotally, the largest impacts on discharge time came from:
 - Establishing patients expectations from the start.
 - Early rounding.
 - Keeping in close contact with specialists.
 - Didactic education also improved resident knowledge of observation status patients' discharge process.

Act

- Adopt: Mini observation team with the goal of optimized patient care has shown shorter lengths of stay compared to current management.
- Adapt: Annual didactic sessions regarding hospital observation status policies for new residents.

PUBLIC HEALTH IMPLICATIONS

Establishing an inpatient medicine observation team has the potential for a large return on investment in terms of decreasing care burden and costs to hospitals by improving timely triage and discharge.